



# Technical Specification

**ISO/IEC TS 38508**

## **Information technology — Governance of IT — Governance implications of the use of a shared digital service platform among ecosystem organizations**

*Technologies de l'information — Gouvernance des technologies  
de l'information — Implications de gouvernance de l'utilisation  
d'une plateforme mutualisée de services numériques dans les  
organisations d'un écosystème*

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ISO copyright office  
CP 401 • Ch. de Blandonnet 8  
CH-1214 Vernier, Geneva  
Phone: +41 22 749 01 11  
Email: [copyright@iso.org](mailto:copyright@iso.org)  
Website: [www.iso.org](http://www.iso.org)

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## Foreword

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The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of document should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see [www.iso.org/directives](http://www.iso.org/directives) or [www.iec.ch/members\\_experts/refdocs](http://www.iec.ch/members_experts/refdocs)).

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This document was prepared by Joint Technical Committee ISO/IEC JTC 1, *Information technology*, Subcommittee SC 40, *IT service management and IT governance*.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at [www.iso.org/members.html](http://www.iso.org/members.html) and [www.iec.ch/national-committees](http://www.iec.ch/national-committees).

## Introduction

Organizations are increasingly using plug and play architecture on shared digital service platforms to develop new digital services that can be adapted to meet future needs. This architecture allows organizations to add new applications and features to the platform without disrupting the overall system. Using a shared digital service platform also enables organizations to enhance the value they offer to customers by bundling existing capabilities with new digital capabilities and forming flexible value networks with business partners and suppliers.

The plug and play architecture of a shared digital service platform can easily add the applications of suppliers or other ecosystem organizations. For example, a product manufacturer could monitor product performance data for preventive maintenance by adding applications from their part suppliers and other ecosystem organizations.

The plug and play architecture of a shared digital service platform also enables independently developed applications to be combined and integrated into the platform through a standardized interface, thereby reducing overall adjustment costs incurred in the platform ecosystem. The plug and play architecture of the platform enables ecosystem organizations to focus on their work relatively autonomously, which ultimately helps to lower both application innovation costs and system integration costs borne by the ecosystem organizations.

The plug and play architecture of a shared digital service platform lays the foundation for platform participants to innovate the platform through application development instead of the platform owner being fully responsible for application development and thus platform innovation. The plug and play architecture of the platform and its underlying scalable technologies, with the option of adding additional elements [technology for Internet of Things (IoT), data storage, application development, analytics and security], makes it possible for organizations to dramatically enhance value offered to customers by easily expanding the organizations' existing capabilities with new digital capabilities in cooperation with the ecosystem organizations.

The use of a shared digital service platform creates governance and control issues that the governing body and management have to ensure are addressed. These include ensuring that there is a clear basis for governance and a governance framework that provides policies and accountabilities that meet the organization's requirements.

This document aims to provide guidance to the governing body of organizations that are accountable for their organization's adoption of a digital service platform among an ecosystem organization. Thus, this document focuses on governance and not on the technologies themselves. The technological and managerial aspects of a "digital service platform" are only covered to the extent that is necessary to understand the governance implications of their use.

For information on the technological aspects of digital service platforms and cloud computing, please see ISO/IEC TS 5928 and ISO/IEC 22123-2.

This document is applicable to all organizations, including public and private companies, government entities, and not-for-profit organizations. This document is applicable to organizations of all sizes from the smallest to the largest, regardless of the extent of their dependence on data or information technologies.



# Information technology — Governance of IT — Governance implications of the use of a shared digital service platform among ecosystem organizations

## 1 Scope

This document provides guidance for members of governing bodies of organizations on the effective, efficient and acceptable use of a shared digital service platform among ecosystem organizations by:

- establishing a vocabulary for the governance of a shared digital service platform among ecosystem organizations;
- providing a framework for understanding the implications of the use of a shared digital service platform among ecosystem organizations;
- guiding governing bodies to evaluate, direct and monitor the introduction and use of a digital service platform, applying the governance principles of ISO/IEC 38500;
- assuring stakeholders that, if the guidance proposed by this document is followed, they can have confidence in the organization's use of shared digital service platform among ecosystem organizations.

This document also provides guidance to those advising, informing or assisting governing bodies, including:

- executive managers;
- members of groups monitoring the resources within the organization;
- external businesses or technical specialists, such as legal or accounting specialists, retail or industrial associations, or professional bodies;
- public authorities and policy makers;
- internal and external service providers (including consultants);
- auditors.

## 2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO/IEC 38500, *Information technology — Governance of IT for the organization*

ISO/IEC 38505-1, *Information technology — Governance of IT — Governance of data — Part 1: Application of ISO/IEC 38500 to the governance of data*

ISO 37000, *Governance of organizations — Guidance*